



**United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
Statistical Division**

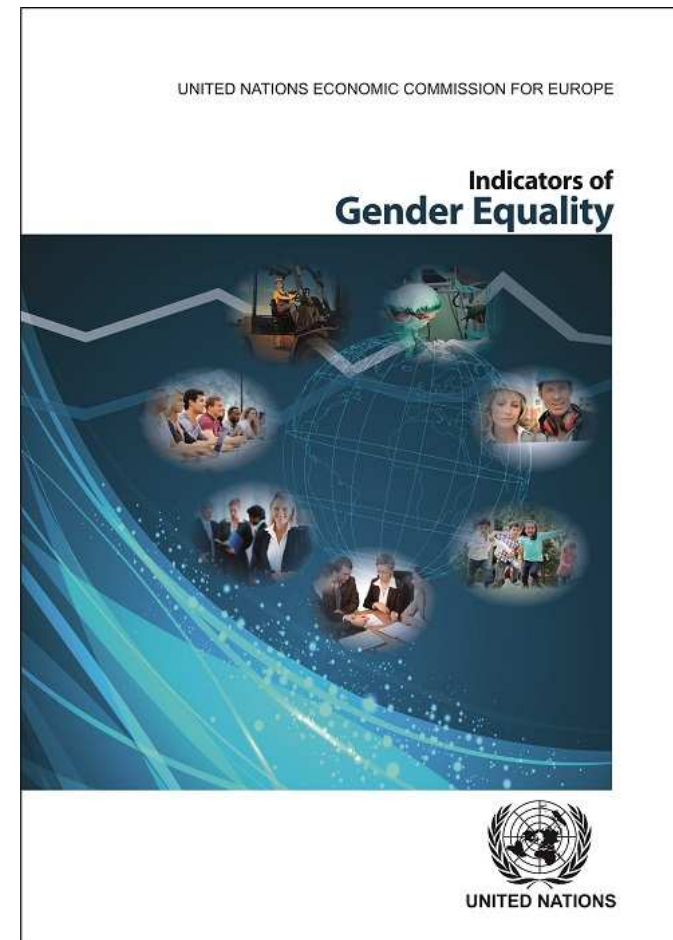
Gender Statistics at UNECE: Recent Developments

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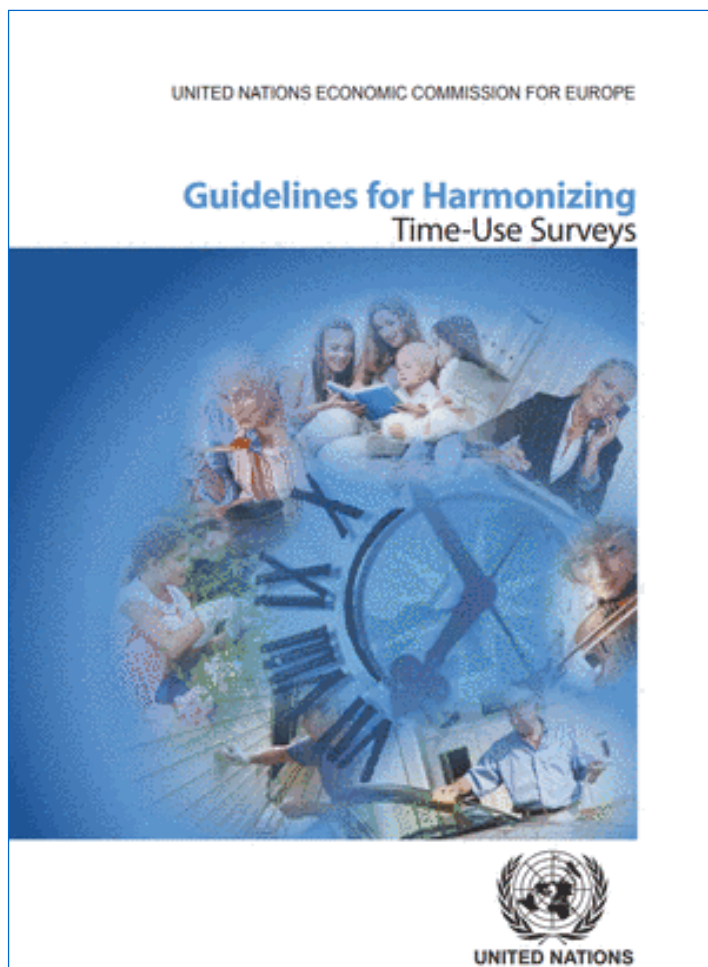


Indicators of Gender Equality

- ❖ UNECE regional set based in the global minimum
- ❖ 42 headline, 71 supporting indicators
- ❖ Task force chaired by Italy
- ❖ Aim: to consolidate and systematize the existing proliferation of gender relevant statistical indicators
- ❖ Further methodological work proposed

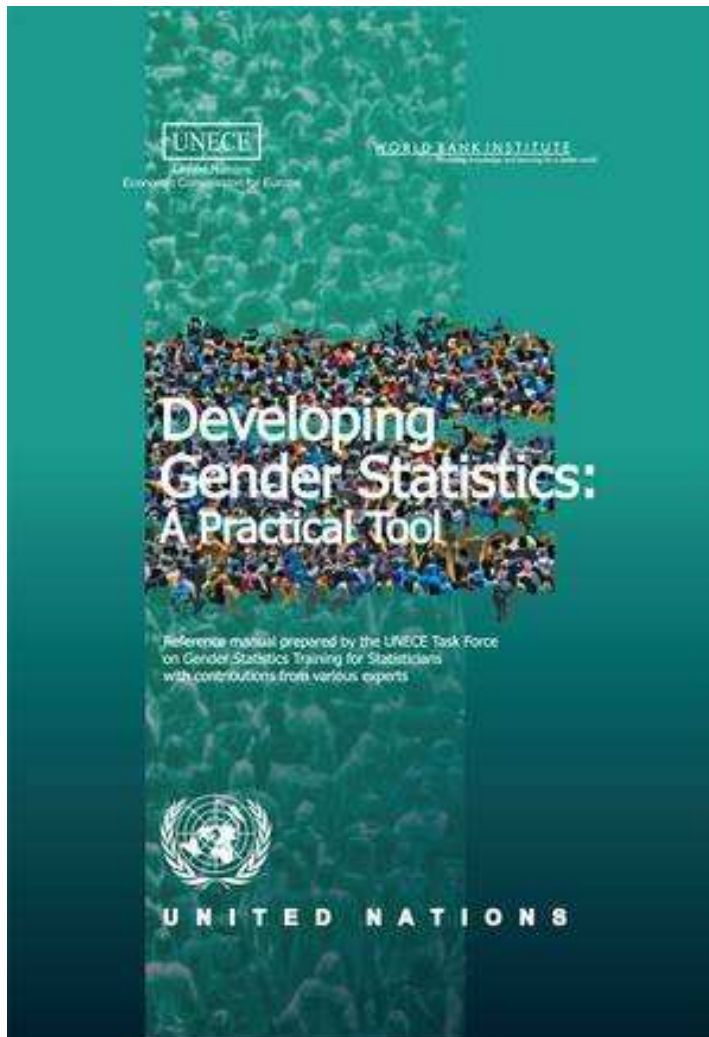


Guidelines for Harmonizing Time-Use Surveys



- ❖ Help understand importance
- ❖ Guide implementation
- ❖ Improve comparability
- ❖ *Key areas:*
 - Unpaid work and non-market production
 - Well-being
 - **Gender equality**

Gender Statistics Manual



- ❖ What is gender statistics?
 - ❖ Why do we need it?
 - ❖ How to produce?
 - ❖ Improving the use
 - ❖ Making it happen
-
- ❖ *Available in English, Russian and Chinese*



Gender statistics at UNECE

- ❖ Methodological work
- ❖ Statistical capacity-building
- ❖ Database: www.unece.org/data
- ❖ Exchange of experience:
biennial work sessions of gender statistics
focal points

Guidelines on Valuing Unpaid Household Service Work



- ❖ Task force launched in October 2014
- ❖ Household Satellite Accounts:
 - No general agreement on methodology
 - International good-practice summaries date back for more than a decade
- ❖ New ICLS resolution on work (October 2013)
- ❖ Completion 2017



Capacity-building

- ❖ Workshops for countries of Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia
- ❖ Development Account project with ESCAP and ESCWA
 - Targeting Armenia and the Republic of Moldova
 - Entrepreneurship → EDGE
 - Communication, statistical literacy of users
 - Workshops, pilot studies, analysis

Training videos



- ❖ Advocacy
- ❖ Making it happen
- ❖ Gender and population sub-groups
- ❖ Reconciliation of family and work life
- ❖ Gender pay gap
- ❖ Disseminating and communicating gender statistics
- ❖ Gender-based violence
- ❖ Gender and decision-making
- ❖ Measuring informal employment
- ❖ Time-use surveys
- ❖ Incorporating gender into labour statistics
- ❖ Gender, entrepreneurship and access to finance
- ❖ Gender and infrastructure

Database www.unece.org/data

Data by sex, interface in English and Russian



- ❖ [Gender Country Profiles](#)
- ❖ [Population](#)
- ❖ [Fertility, families and households](#)
- ❖ [Work and economy](#)
- ❖ [Education](#)
- ❖ [Public life and decision making](#)
- ❖ [Health and mortality](#)
- ❖ [Crime and violence](#)
- ❖ [Science and ICT](#)
- ❖ [Work-life balance](#)



Generations and Gender Programme www.ggp-i.org



- ❖ Longitudinal data infrastructure on intergenerational and gender relations
- ❖ Panel surveys every 3 years, contextual database
- ❖ Survey topics: fertility, partnership, the transition to adulthood, economic activity, care duties, attitudes
- ❖ Contextual database: legal norms and regulations, social norms, welfare state policies, general economic and cultural indicators
- ❖ 19 countries with surveys, by now 6 have reached the 3rd wave
- ❖ More than 1000 articles and other publications
- ❖ UNECE Population Unit acts as secretariat to the Council of Partners (steering body); administers access to the micro-data

Biennial Work Sessions

Topics of the 2014 session (March)



- ❖ Life course
- ❖ Indicators for policymaking
- ❖ Pay gap
- ❖ Gender analysis of census data
- ❖ Gender differences on sub-national level
- ❖ Well-being of men and women
- ❖ Time-use surveys
- ❖ The gender impact of the economic crisis



Concluding Remarks

- ❖ Governance by the Conference of European Statisticians (CES)
- ❖ Activities are **demand-driven**
- ❖ Importance of **coordination and cooperation among international organizations:**
UNSD, OECD, IMF, WB, Eurostat, CIS-Stat
are in the CES Bureau